

S. B. Roll. No.....

APPLIED MATHEMATICS-II
2nd Exam/Common/0106/Nov'24
(For 2023 Batch Onwards)

Duration: 3Hrs.

M.Marks:50

SECTION-A

Q1. Do as directed any nine of the following.

9x1=9

- i. $\int x e^x dx =$ a) $(x+1)e^x$ b) $(x-1)e^x$ c) $(x-1)\bar{e}^x$ d) $-(x-1)e^x$
- ii. $\lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x - x}{x} =$ a) 1 b) -1 c) 0 d) ∞
- iii. If $f(-x) = f(x)$ then $f(x)$ is a) odd function b) even function c) Both d) None
- iv. $\int_0^1 \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx =$ a) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ b) $\frac{\pi}{4}$ c) 1 d) 0
- v. $\int \log x dx = \frac{1}{x}$ (T/F)
- vi. Degree of $\left(\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2}\right)^2 + x^2 \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^3 = 0$ is 2. (T/F)
- vii. For tangent parallel to y-axis, $\frac{dy}{dx} = \infty$ (true/ false)
- viii. If $y = \log(\cos x)$, then $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\tan x$ (true/ false)
- ix. $\lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{2^x - 1}{x} =$ _____
- x. If θ is in radians $\lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(2\theta)}{\theta} =$
- xi. Derivative of x^{10} w. r. to. x^5 is _____
- xii. $\int e^{\log x} dx =$ _____

SECTION-B

Q2. Attempt any five questions.

5x4=20

- a. Find maximum minimum value of $y = x^3 - 6x^2 + 9x + 15$
- b. Evaluate $\int x \cos x dx$
- c. Evaluate $\int \sin^2 x dx$
- d. $y = \sin\left(2 \tan^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{1-x}{1+x}}\right)$, prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$



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- e. Find derivative of $y = \log(x + \sqrt{x^2 - a^2})$
f. Differentiate the following function $y = (x)^x$

g. Evaluate $\int_0^{\pi/2} \cos^6(x) dx$

SECTION-C

Q3. Attempt any three questions.

3x7=21

- i. Evaluate $\int \sin^4 x dx$
ii. Evaluate $\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\cos x}{\sin x + \cos x} dx$
iii. Solve the differential equation $(1 + x^2) dy = (1 + y^2) dx$
iv. If $x = a(\theta - \sin\theta)$; $y = a(1 + \cos\theta)$, find $\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2}$
v. Find the area of the region bounded by $y = x^2 - x + 2$, the x -axis and the lines $x = 0$ and $x = 3$